COUNTRY REPORTS COUNTRY REPORTS



DOMINICA Roseau

General data

POPULATION, 2024 66,205

SURFACE KM², 2022

750

PHYSICIANS/1000 INH, 2021

N/A

NURSES/1000 INH, 2021-2022

N/A

Socioeconomic data

COUNTRY INCOME LEVEL, 2022

Uppermiddle

HUMAN DEVELOPMENT INDEX RANKING, 2023

98

GDP PER CAPITA (US\$), 2023

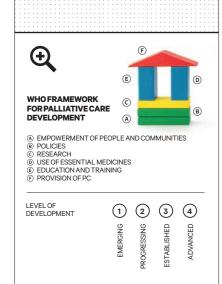
9,833.00

HEALTH EXPENDITURE PER CAPITA (US\$), 2021

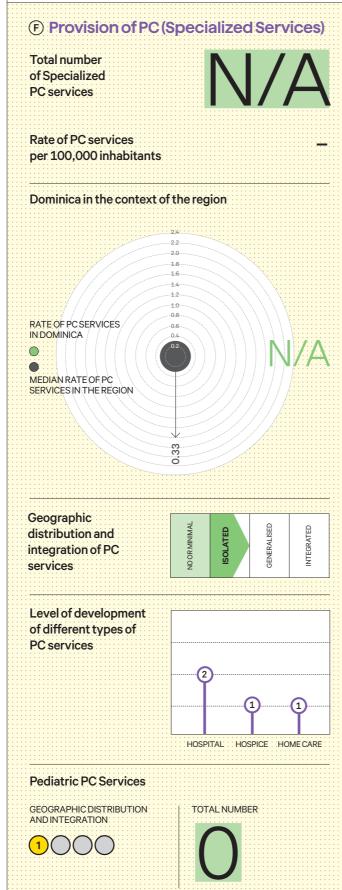
482.43

:UNIVERSAL:HEALTH:COVERAGE, 2021

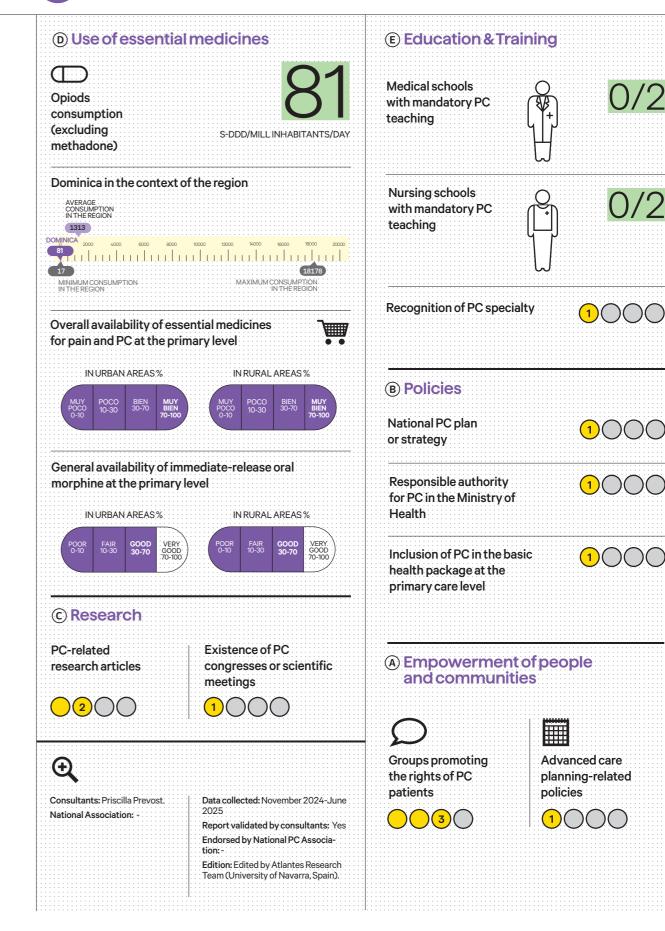
49



ninic



M Dominica



AM Dominica

Ind1

Existence of groups dedicated to promoting the rights of patients in need of PC, their caregivers, and disease survivors.



Existence of group(s) that cover palliative care in a more integrated way or over a wider range of disease/ program areas.

The Dominica Cancer Society Inc. is a nonprofit organization that promotes cancer prevention and care, while the Dominica Diabetes Association supports individuals living with diabetes and their families through education and advocacy. Both organizations operate jointly, sharing office space and administrative support, with financial assistance from the government. Additionally, the Dominica Council on Aging advocates for seniors and provides social support to the elderly. Although Dominica lacks a formal PC association, these groups actively support and advocate for the needs of patients requiring PC, their caregivers, and disease survivors.

Ind2

Is there a national policy or guideline on advance directives or advance care planning?



There is no national policy or guideline on advance care planning.

Ind3

3.1. There is a current national PC plan, program, policy, or strategy.



Do not know or does not exist.

3.2. The national palliative care plan (or program or strategy or legislation) is a standalone.



A national palliative care plan is in preparation.

Dominica currently does not have a formal national PC plan, policy, or strategy. A program developed by the former Head $\,$ of Oncology at Princess Margaret Hospital, was never adopted. The 137-page document aimed to provide pain relief, psychological and spiritual support, and family assistance while affirming dignity in end-of-life care. However, it remains unen $dorsed\,by\,the\,Ministry\,of\,Health.\,While\,there\,is\,no\,standalone$ national PC framework, the "Strategic Plan for Health: Investing in Health - Building a Safe Future" (Vol. 1) outlines a general healthcare structure through which PC can be integrated. The existing PC document requires review, formalization, and political will to ensure it addresses all life-threatening illnesses, not just cancer. Currently, PC is not structured within a dedicated national policy.

Policies

M Dominica

3.3. There are indicators in the national plan to monitor and evaluate progress, with measurable targets.



Not known or does not exist.

Ind4

PC services are included in the list of priority services for Universal Health Coverage at the primary care level in the national health system.



Not at all.

Ind5

5.1. Is there a national authority for palliative care within the government or the Ministry of Health?



There is no coordinating entity.

5.2. The national authority has concrete functions, budget and staff.



Does not have concrete functions or resources (budget, staff, etc.).

118



AM Dominica

Ind6

Existence of congresses or scientific meetings at the national level specifically related to PC.



There are no national conaresses or scientific meetings related to palliative care.

Ind7

Estimation of the level of peer-reviewed articles focusing on PC research published in any language in the past 5 years with at least one author from the country.



Minimal or nonexistent number of articles published on the subject in that country.

The document produced by Dr. Malaker, former Head of Oncology at Princess Margaret Hospital, could be referenced; however, there is no evidence that it has been peer-reviewed or published.

Ind8

Reported annual opioid consumption -excluding methadone-in S-DDD per million inhabitants per day.

Average consumption of opioids, in defined daily doses (S-DDD) for statistical purposes per million inhabitants per day.



S-DDD PER MILLION

COUNTRY VS REGION

MINIMUM CONSUMPTION IN THE REGION

MAXIMUM CONSUMPTION IN THE REGION

M Dominica

Ind9

Medicines

-9.1. Percentage of health facilities at the primary care level in Urban areas that have pain and palliative care medications as defined in the WHO Model List of Essential Medicines.

-9.2. Percentage of health facilities at the primary care level in rural areas that have pain and palliative care medications as defined in the WHO Model List of Essential Medicines.



Very good: Between 70% to 100%.



Very good: Between 70% to 100%.

In Dominica, non-opioid and non-steroidal pain medications such as co-codamol, naproxen, diclofenac, and paracetamol are available at all primary care clinics, including those in rural areas, and are accessible to nurses and doctors managing patients with pain-related conditions. The Primary Health Care system is structured across seven health districts with 52 and two community hospitals. Each district is staffed with a District Medical Officer, Family Nurse Practitioner, Public Health Nurse, pharmacist, dentist, environmental health officer, and nurses. Health centres operate 24/7, ensuring nurse coverage for every 300-600 people and a doctor or nurse practitioner on call for every 3,000-6,000 people. Codeine, tramadol, morphine, oxycodone, and pethidine are available, but opioids for cancer patients require a prescription from an oncologist and are dispensed at the hospital pharmacy.

Ind 10

- 10.1. Percentage of health facilities at the primary care level in urban areas that have immediaterelease oral morphine (liquid or tablet).

-10.2. Percentage of health facilities at the primary care level in rural areas that have immediate-release oral morphine (liquid or tablet).



Good: Between

30% to 70%.





Good: Between 30% to 70%.

In Dominica, immediate-release oral morphine (liquid or tablet) should be available at Type III health centers, where each of the seven centers has a pharmacist. All medicines, including opioids, are free at Primary Health Care centers or clinics.

11.1. The proportion of medical schools with **COMPULSORY** teaching in PC (with or without

other optional teaching)

11.2. The proportion of medical schools with OPTIONAL teaching in PC.

- 11.3. The proportion of nursing schools with COMPULSORY teaching in PC (with or without other optional teaching).
- 11.4. The proportion of nursing schools with OPTIONAL teaching in PC.







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In Dominica, there are two medical schools and two nursing schools. PC is not a standalone compulsory subject in the medical or nursing curricula but is integrated into general medical and nursing management, including cancer care and elderly care at All Saints University.

Ind 12

Existence of an official specialization process in palliative medicine for physicians, recognised by the competent authority in the country.



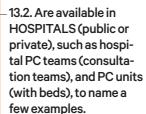


There is no process on specialization for palliative care physicians.

Dominica does not have an official specialization process in palliative medicine for physicians recognized by the competent authority. Physicians interested in specializing in this field must pursue training opportunities abroad.

Ind₁₃

 13.1. There is a system of Specialized PC services or teams in the country that has a GEOGRAPH-IC reach and is delivered through different service delivery platforms.

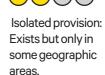


13.3. Free-standing **HOSPICES** (including hospices with inpatient beds).

13.4. HOME CARE teams (Specialized in PC) are available in the community (or at the primary Healthcare level), as independent services or linked with hospitals or hospices.

13.5. Total number of Specialized PC services or teams in the country.







Ad hoc/in some parts of the country.



(1)

Not at all.

Not at all.

RATE OF SPECIALIZED PC SERVICES/100,000 INH

than a structured PC network.





Dominica does not have a formal system of specialized PC ser-

Primary care clinics are distributed nationwide, and oncology

patients receive follow-up care as needed. When patients can

no longer travel, District Medical Officers and Nurses provide

home-based care. Community health workers with basic train-

ing assist in patient care, and private nurses and doctors offer

home health services on a fee-for-service basis, with one organi-

zation employing 20 staff members covering the entire country.

nates programs for the elderly, addressing their physical, social,

and emotional needs. The "Yes We Care" social protection pro-

gram provides support for the sick, physically challenged, and

elderly. However, there are no specialized PC doctors or nurses,

and services are delivered through general healthcare rather

The Dominica Council on Aging Inc., a nonprofit NGO, coordi-

vices or teams, but PC is integrated into the primary care model.



← SPECIALIZED

Ind14

- 14.1. There is a system of Specialized PC services or teams for children in the country that has geographic reach and is delivered through different service delivery platforms.

14.2. Number of pediatric Specialized PC services or teams in the country.



No or minimal provision of palliative care specialized services or teams for children exists in country.

PPC TEAMS Dominica does not have a formal system of specialized PC services or teams for children, but care is provided through existing healthcare services. Children requiring PC are primarily managed at the pediatric unit of the main hospital in the capital. Pediatricians and nurses oversee care, while children with cancer receive follow-ups with an oncologist. After hospital discharge, the Primary Health Care team takes over, offering care and support to families and caregivers. Follow-up oncology appointments occur at the hospital's outpatient clinic. Primary care nurses are equally qualified as hospital nurses, ensuring continuity of care across service levels.

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PC/ **Provision**

