## **Nursing Interventions focused** on children with cystic fibrosis



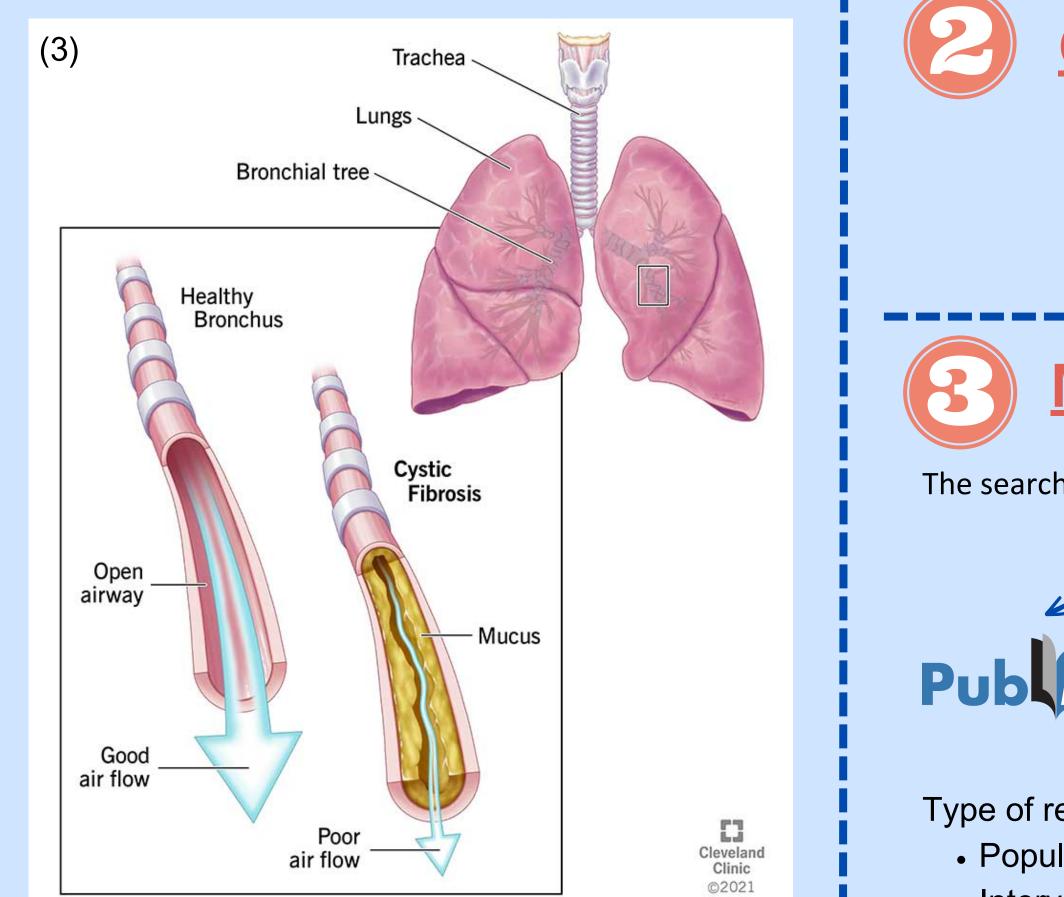
FACULTAD DE ENFERMERÍA

## Author: Irene Gracia Ilundáin. Directed by: Beatriz Esquisábel Soteras

ntroduction

Cystic fibrosis (CF) is a life-shortening genetic recessive disease diagnosed in an increasing number of children. It is a complex chronic condition which demands high adherence to the required therapies (1).

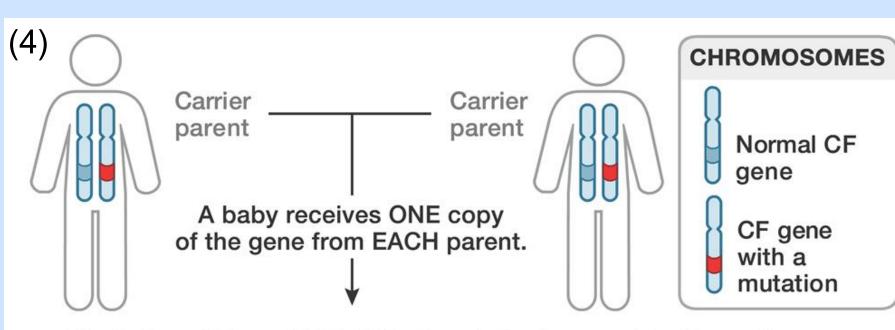
Nurses are very close to their patients so they should be ready to detect CF in the newborn by observing the main symptoms in children who may be prone to develop this pathology and carry out the appropriate detection tests (2).



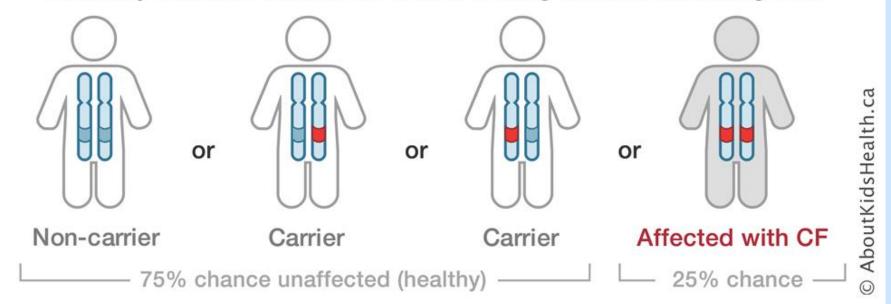
To identify Nursing Interventions directed towards children with CF and the problems that this population may suffer.



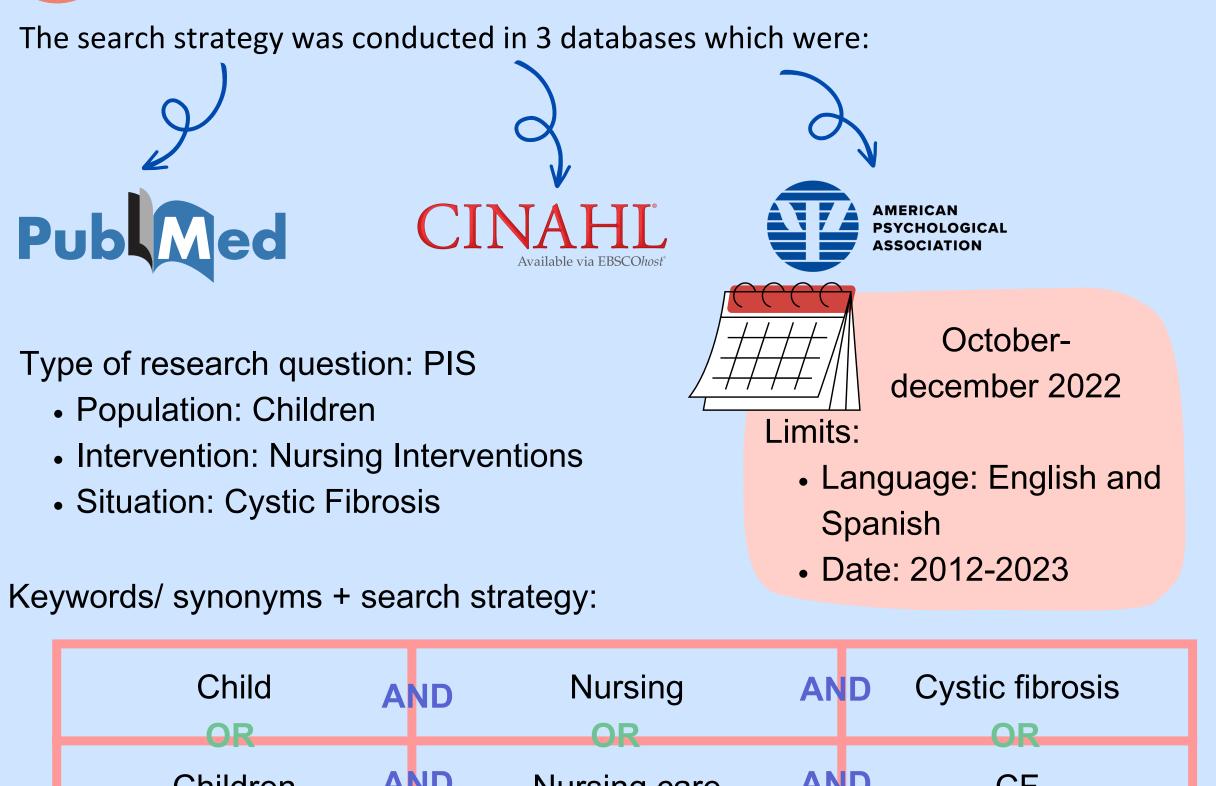
CF comes along with not only medical challenges but also induces a huge impact in the physical, emotional, psychological, and familar spheres (1).



The baby will have ONE of the four following combinations of genes:



Nurses follow the Nursing Care Process to develop a care plan for these patients (2). This pathology requires constant and continuous care plans due to the complexity of the needed therapies and the importance of the degree of adherence to them and nurses can perform and deliver this type of care (1).



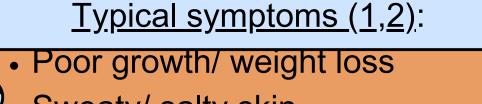


MeSH terms: child + nursing + cystic fibrosis



n = 12

Narrative review





Sweaty/ salty skin

NN2

- Persistent cough > vomit
- Recurrent infections
- Diarrhea and bulky/ greasy stools
- Respiratory failure



1° Early diagnosis: • Detect symptoms of CF • Perform detection tests (2).

6° Therapeutic adherence: • Decreases morbidity in patients with CF • Example: provide written treatment plans (7).

**Results** 

Nursing Care Process Example: inefficient respiratory pattern related to the inflammatory process + intervention (1).

2° Nursing diagnoses:

Multidisciplinary approach +

open communication (5).



- Individualized care approach
- Adherence: better quality of life + longer survival rate
  - Evaluated and supported by professionals
  - Show consequences of non-adherence





Educate children, families and teachers on the pathology: collaboration in the care process while promoting a holistic approach

Early diagnosis: essential intervention

Detection tests/ being aware of signs and symptoms

Perform the diagnosis and initiate treatment as early as possible

5° Monitoring:

 Sodium levels + early supplementation: optimal health Stool elastase

Assess respiratory function

- Mucolytics may be used (5)
- Rehabilitation approach: physical activity: oxygen saturation (6).

4° Exploration: • Maintain a close follow-up of the newborn's weight, height and head circumference (5).

3º Education: • Knowledge of the disease understood by the patient and the family.

> • Guarenteeing that the child understands the disease process

of CF.

 Participation of the child in decision-

making.

• Providing guidance to improve the

management of the

disease (1).

