EFFECTIVE TRIAGE IN OLDER ADULTS IN THE

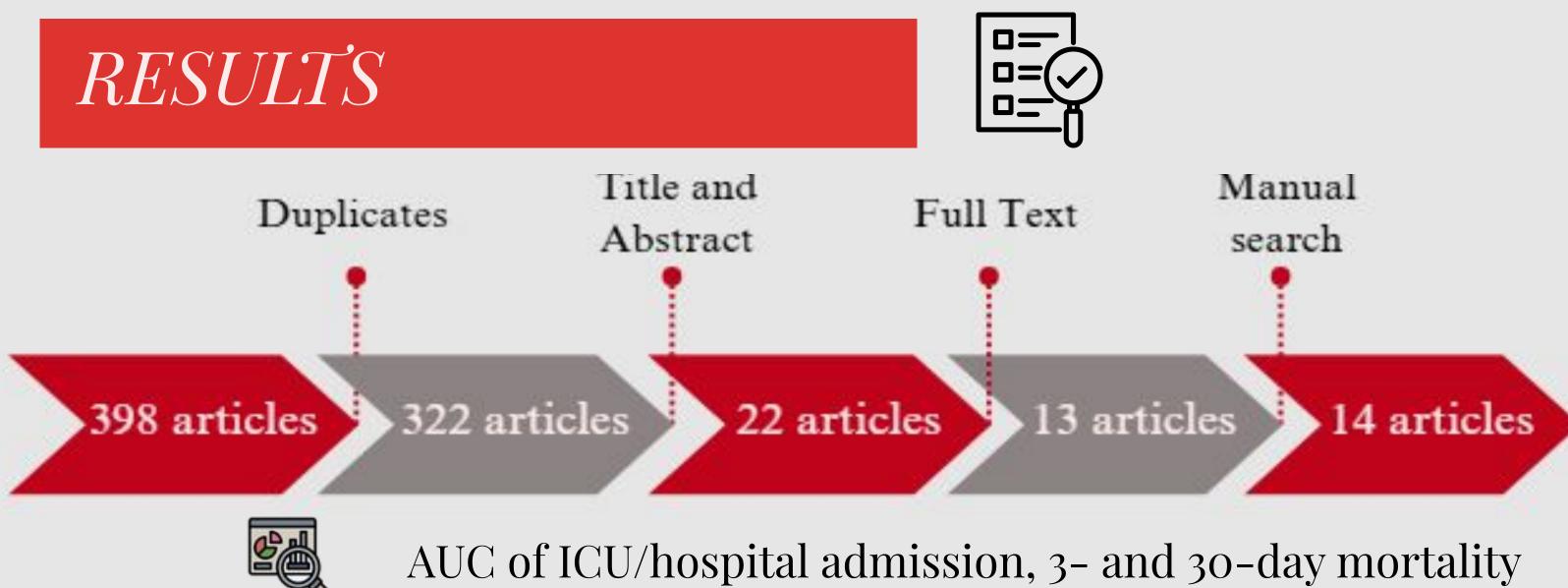
ENERGENCY DEPARTMENT

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INTRODUCTION

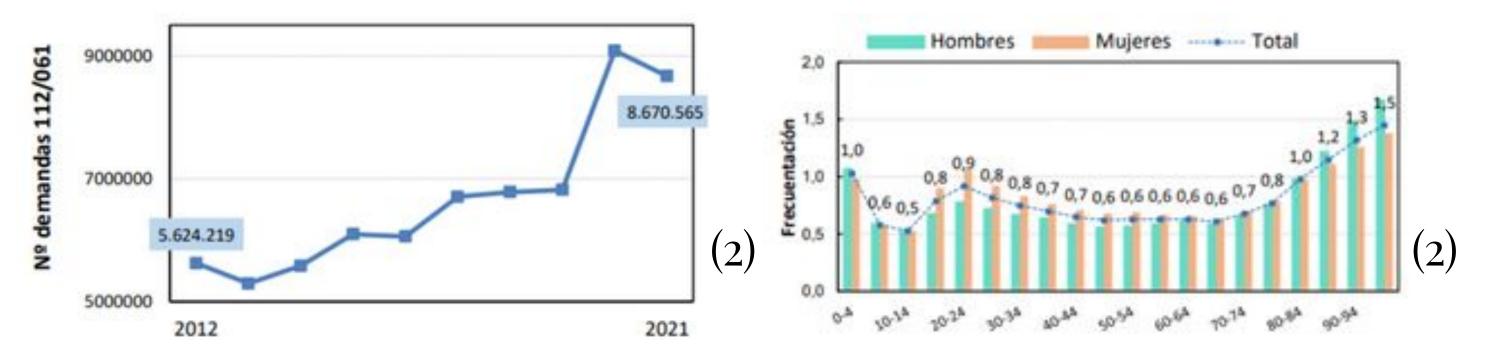


Hospital triage, a fundamental component of clinical management during emergency situations, where demand surpasses available human and technical resources, is predominantly conducted by nurses, whose role is essential in ensuring timely and effective patient care, by doing the first evaluation and categorization of the



patient prioritising those with most critical condition (1).

Spain ED demand over de years and frequency of visits by age:



Elderly population suffer from different Geriatric syndromes (3), resulting in the atypical illness presentation in this population when an acute process shows up (4).

OBJECTIVE

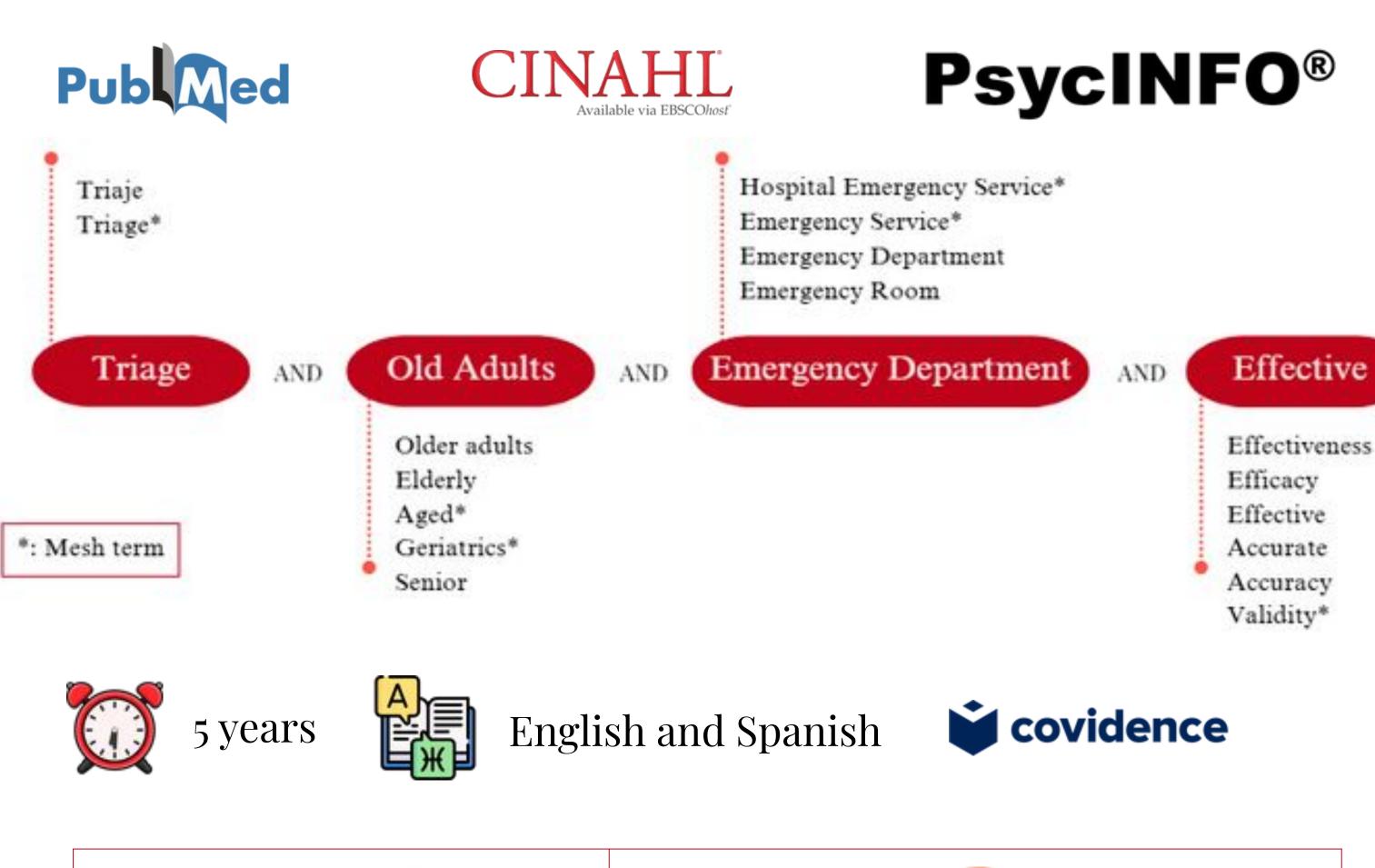


To identify different triage systems applicable to elderly patients in the emergency room.

2			
Triage systems	Severity based	3-level categorisation (5,6)	
		ADAPT, CTAS (7)	
	Flowchart based	MTS (8,9)	
		mMTS (10)	
	Risk resource based	ESI (5,6)	
Geriatric screening tools	Sepsis screening	qSOFA (11,12)	
		SIRS (11), NEWS (11), REWS (5,11)	
	Geriatric assessment need	PRISMA-7 (12)	
		ISAR, TRST, interRAI (13)	
	Aging process evaluation	Frailty (14), mortality related to age (6,14)	
Comple- mentary tests	Vital sign interpretation (7,15)		
	Biomarkers (7)		
	SuPar biomarker (7)		

METHODOLOGY





Effective.

Relatively effective.

Statistically no significant results/more research needed.





Exclusion





Focused on COVID-19 pandemia. the Focused on effectiveness of triage in Focused on trauma patients. old adults. Focused on the extrahospital care. Grey literature: leaflets, editorials, Literature reviews and original studies. news, publications in congresses and doctoral theses.

This study underscores the limitations of current triage systems and screening tools for older adults in emergency settings. The findings highlight the need for new triage strategies that consider frailty, comorbidities, and functional status to better address the complexities of aging in emergency care.

Jniversidad de Navarra

Inclusion

BIBLIOGRAPHY

